## PDS-360 Troubleshooting Guide

Symptom	Cause	Check or Try
#1 No display No Display backlighting	No Power  Defective Display	Check power circuit breaker and wiring ON/OFF switch on main circuit board Ribbon cable not secure 0.5 amp fuse on main circuit board
#2 Keypad Does Not Respond	Ribbon Cable Lightning or Power surge	Check ribbon cable  Turn unit OFF, wait 10 sec. turn back ON  RESET and Reprogram meter
#3 4-20 mA. Output Not Functioning  4-20 mA. Output Indicates Max All The Time (see #9 below)  Output Not Same As Display	Defective Wiring  Defective Output and/or Lightning Damage  Not Scaled Correctly	Check wiring and polarity Disconnect output wires and check 4-20 with current meter. If OK, receiver or wiring is problem.  Replace Q1 and/or Q2 (2N3904 transistor) and U1(LM324 IC) on main circuit board.  Go to programming, 'SCALE 20mA OUTPUT' and 'TEST ANALOG OUTPUT'
#4 Display Does Not Change or Update	Processor Crash Lightning or Power Surge	Turn unit OFF, wait 10 sec. turn back ON RESET/Reprogram meter
#5 Pass Code Lockout	Wrong Code Code Corrupted	Call Factory for alternate code Provide product SN# on Printed Circuit Board. Call (610) 942-3190
#6 Display Says 'ECHO LOST, Check Wiring	Sensor NOT LEVEL  Accustic Signal Path Obstructed  Defective wiring or wrong cable type  Defective Sensor	Check sensor mounting for plumb  Check for signal path obstructions  Check wire splices for break or short - Do not solder or use wire connectors at splice - use wire nut and electrical tape  Test sensor back at the meter to by-pass cable run replace sensor and/or PC-548 transmit/receive circuit card if needed.

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#7 Display Says 'Temperature Error Check wires'	Defective wiring	Check wire splices for break or short - Do not solder or use wire connectors at splice - use wire nut and electrical tape. Make sure all three (3) wires (Red, Black, Bare) are connected.
		Turn Probe OFF in Programing and Enter Manual (default) Temperature until corrected.
	Defective Temp Probe	Use DC volt meter to check RETURN signal from probe (+ to TC [black wire] and - to BARE wire [gnd] at terminal barrier). DC volt range is 1 to 4.4 volts. 0 or 5 volts indicates bad probe.
cur	Severe Turbulence, eddy currents, Intermittent Foam, Floating Debris	Reduce source of turbulence, foam and/or debris. May need stilling well to correct.
		Check that sensor is plumb.
		Increase programmed DAMP FACTOR Best setting is DAMP FACTOR of 3 to 5.
	Electrical Noise	Do not run sensor wires with other wires or parallel with electrical wires Do not locate system in same area as VFD (variable speed drive).
#9 Readings Are Fixed	Sensor Not Plumb or Obstruction in Accustic Path	Check sensor for plumb and obstructions
Reads MAX All The Time  Spikes to MAX readings randomly	Sensor is Mounted To Metal Support or Sensor screwed too tight to mounting bracket	Remove ANY METAL (including pipe nipples) from sensor mounting. Use only PVC mounting components. Loosen Sensor slightly. Check for water collecting in conduit behind sensor head.
	Ring Time Problem  Very Cold Temperatures (may extend sensor ring time)	Increase THRESHOLD (CW) on XMIT/REC circuit board, PC-548 Reduce PRE-GAIN (CCW) adjustment on circuit board or increase BLANK (CW) slightly.
#10 Depth / Flow Readings Not Correct	Program Data Incorrect	Check ALL program data and CAL FACTOR
	Incorrect Temperature Reading	Check Temperature Reading on display . if reading is greater than ±10°F, check probe - see symptom #7 above.
#11 Flow Readings Are ZERO when there is flow	LOW FLOW SHUT OFF Set Too High	Check LOW FLOW SHUT OFF and other settings in program. Flow Readings will go to ZERO if Flow Rate is below LOW FLOW setting. Note: LOW FLOW does not affect DEPTH indication.